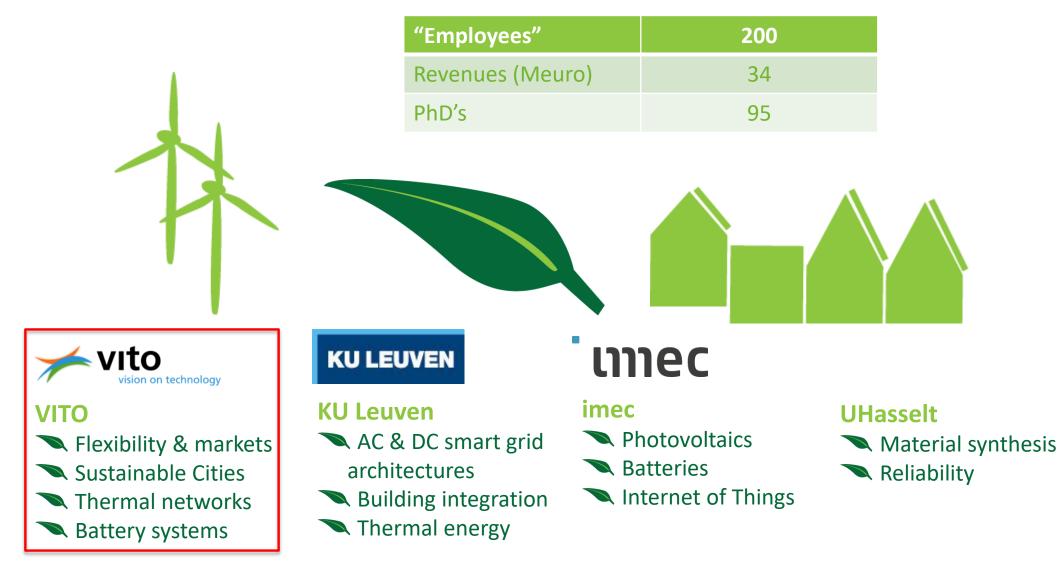


Peer-to-Peer Energy Sharing Technology Enablers from the lab to the market FEBEG 19-Dec-2017

Chris Caerts Product and Project Manager

EnergyVille: Flemish energy research partnership





Expertise in sustainable energy and intelligent energy systems in the built environment

Research – Development – Training – Industrial Innovation



- Industry
- Public entities

With:

- Local partners
- Regional partners
- International partners

Why Peer-to-Peer Energy Sharing

Increase investments in RES (financial attractiveness)

Manage impact of more RES (mitigate – local, e.g. at distribution grid - grid problems by aligning consumption with RES generation)

Solidarization ... facilitate access to RES for all (also those that cannot afford to invest themselves in an asset, either because of financial or locational reasons).



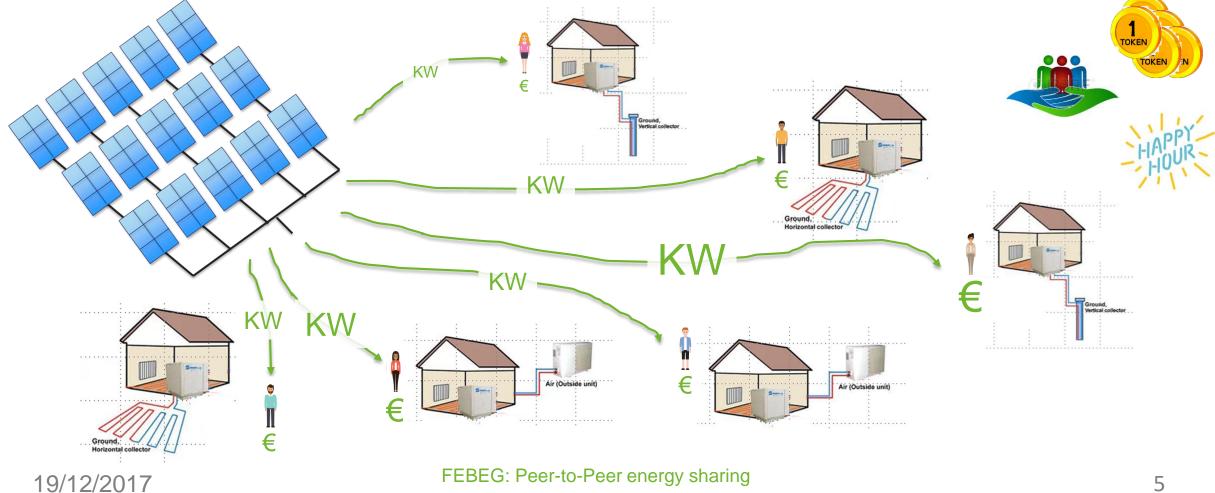
EU Winter Package: Enabling active consumers and energy communities

Entitlement to all consumers to generate, self-consume, store or sell self-generated electricity, while ensuring non-discriminatory network tariffs.

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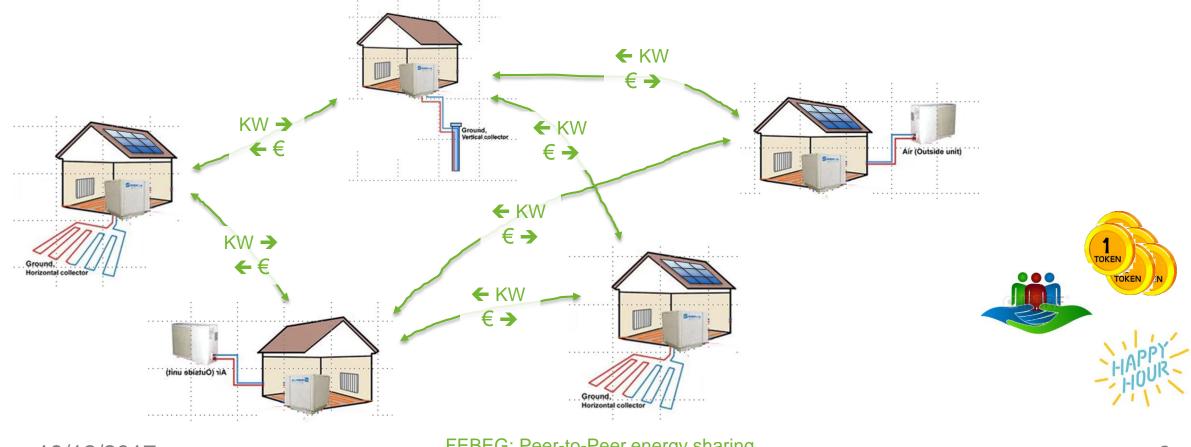
Peer-to-Peer Energy Sharing Model classification

Asset Sharing model: Joint Ownership of generation assets



Peer-to-Peer Energy Sharing Model classification

Energy Sharing model: Asset owners sharing (selling) energy with nonowners



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Peer-to-Peer Energy Sharing Requirements

P2P Passive: sharing without active control

Peers



- Local producers with a surplus
- Local consumers
- Smart Meters taking care of the 'token' bookkeeping (Utility sub-metering versus P2P sub-metering)
- Multi-agent framework
 - Enabling the necessary information exchanges for the 'token' bookkeeping

Peer-to-Peer Energy Sharing Requirements

P2P Active: sharing with active control

Peers

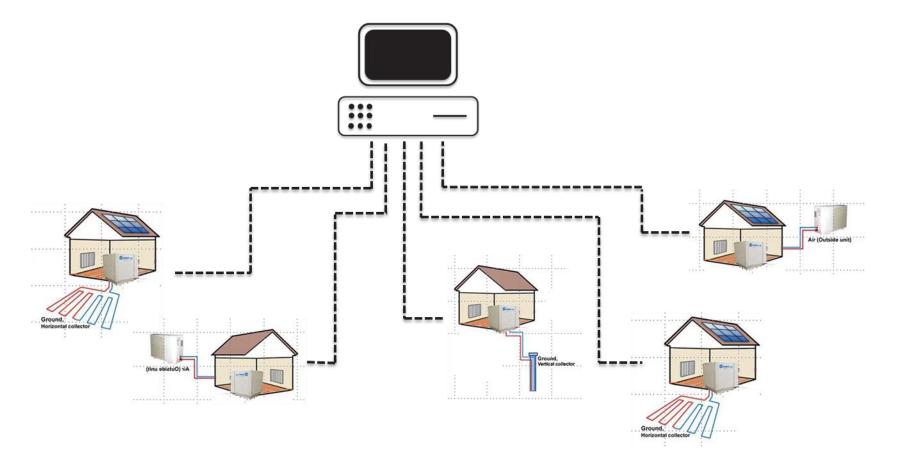
```
Align consumption
with production
```

- Local producers with a surplus + forecasting
- Local consumers with controllable (flexible) devices (+ forecasting: optionally): Demand Side Management, Demand Response
- Smart Meters taking care of the 'token' bookkeeping (Utility sub-metering versus P2P sub-metering)
- Multi-agent framework

Enabling the necessary information exchanges

Peer-to-Peer Multi-Agent Framework Options

Option 1: 'central' coordination and administration

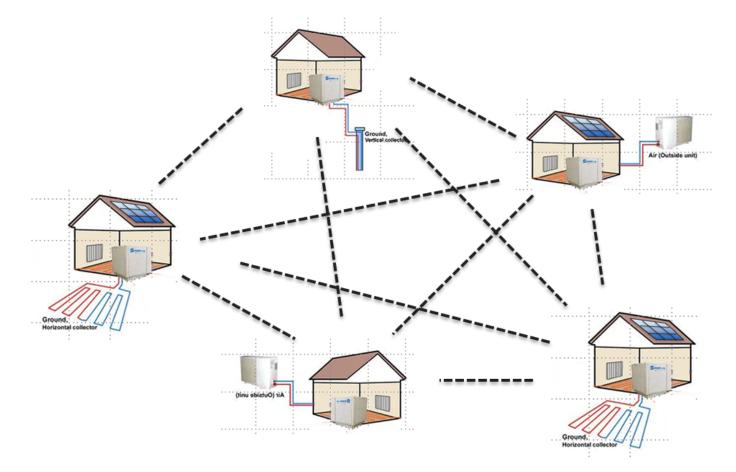


Peer agents interact via a common central coordinating agent ('matchmaker')

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Peer-to-Peer Multi-Agent Framework Options

Option 2: 'Truly' Peer-to-Peer (Distributed Ledger Technology)



No central administrator or coordinator, no trusted middleman.

Transactions are agreed in a distributed manner.

Consistency ?!

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11

Block 2

data: "block2data" hash: 0x9327eb1b..36a21

nevious Hash

imestamp: 17:19 1/1/2017

Distributed Ledger Technologies

- "No double spending" challenge: 'mining' and transaction clearing by consensus
- No central data storage
 - Information is replicated at all participants: all participants can view all of the information
 - Immutability: verifiable and auditable history of all transactions through cryptographic signatures (hashing) and timestamping

Block 0

imestamp: 17:15 1/1/201

- **Example:** blockchains
 - Transactions are encoded as blocks
 - * Next Block = Previous Block + Transaction \rightarrow chain of blocks



Block 1

data: "block1data

timestamp: 17:17 1/1/2017

Blockchain Energy Use Cases

Indigo Stakeholder Activity Taxonomy - Blockchain in Energy and Utilities



Source: https://www.indigoadvisorygroup.com/

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Blockchain Energy Pilots

US

In the US, most

first P2P energy

a tender for

security.

with a focus on



Europe Europe is undoubtedly the most active region for blockchain pilots, with China & Japan utilities working on EV In Japan, Marubeni are charging, connected rolling out bitcoin home, wholesale payments for customers settlement and lab and in China, Wanxiang creation efforts. # are planning to invest \$30 projects are still in the billion in a blockchain conceptual phase, backed smart city project. however the world's transaction took place in NYC in 2016. In Q1 South Africa Australia & NZ 2017, the DoE issued Sun Exchange connects Perth startup, Power blockchain projects investors to businesses and Ledger, is working on communities who need multiple projects across access to affordable the region including electricity and Bankymoon sizeable pilots in Australia. has worldwide Bitcoin

See the map at indigoadvisorygroup.com/blockchain

Indigo

Source: https://www.indigoadvisorygroup.com/

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FEBEG: Peer-to-Peer energy sharing

payments direct to smart

meters.

Bitcoin, Ethereum & dAPPs, ICO

Sitcoin = cryptocurrency (one of many): Blockchain 1.0

- > The 'payment' part of a (blockchain) transaction
- > Cryptocurrencies may or may not have monetary value

➢Bitcoins have !

- Buy/sell goods/services versus encourage 'good' behavior
- Blockchain 2.0: Ethereum and dAPPS
 - >Adding 'Smart Contracts' and Decentralized Applications
 - > More complex transactions (decision logic)
- Initial Coin Offerings: pre-sale of cryptocurrency to raise investment money

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Food for thought ...

Bitcoins vreten steeds meer energie: equivalent van 39% van Belgische stroomverbruik

Vrtnws: 12/Dec/2017

Key Network Statistics

| Description | Value |
|---|------------------|
| Bitcoin's current estimated annual electricity consumption* (TWh) | 32.68 |
| Annualized global mining r 🚄 🔜 🤉 | \$16,193,624,848 |
| Annualized estimated global mining costs | \$1,634,215,427 |
| Country closest to Bitcoin in terms of electricity consumption | Denmark |
| Estimated electricity used over the previous day (KWh) | 89,546,051 |
| Implied Watts per GH/s | 0.283 |
| Total Network Hashrate in PH/s (1,000,000 GH/s) | 13,389 |
| Electricity consumed per transaction (KWh) | 235.00 |
| Number of U.S. households that could be powered by Bitcoin | 3,026,325 |
| Number of U.S. households powered for 1 day by the electricity consumed for a single transaction | 7.93 |
| Bitcoin's electricity consumption as a percentage of the world's electricity consumption | 0.15% |
| Annual carbon footprint (kt of CO2) | 16,015 |
| Carbon footprint per transaction (kg of CO2) | 114.95 |
| | |



Example pilot : Linear

Residential Demand Response (250 families)

- Active control of residential consumption to coincide with excess PV or Wind generation
- * Whitegood appliances and boilers
- **Flanders (2009 2014)**





- Smart Meters
- Automation
- Interoperability
- Incentives
- ✤ Regulation

Time

FEBEG: Peer-to-Peer energy sharing

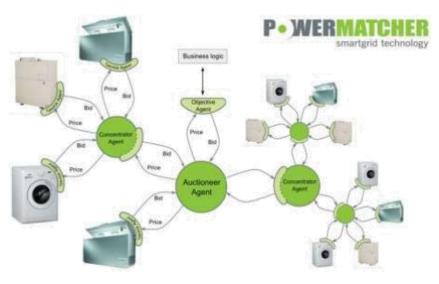
Peak demand

Shaved Peak Demand

Example pilot : PowerMatching City

Residential Demand Response (40 families)

- Active control of residential consumption to coincide with excess local generation
- Including heatpumps and EVs
- Hoogkerk/Groningen, the Netherlands (2009 ...)



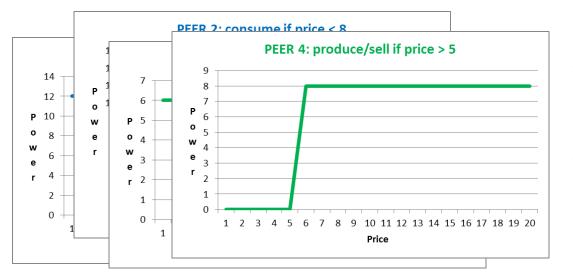
- Demonstration of PowerMatcher multi-agent framework
 - Device agents
 - Concentrator agents (aggregation)
 - Auctioneer agents / Business Logic

http://www.powermatchingcity.nl

Example pilot : PowerMatching City

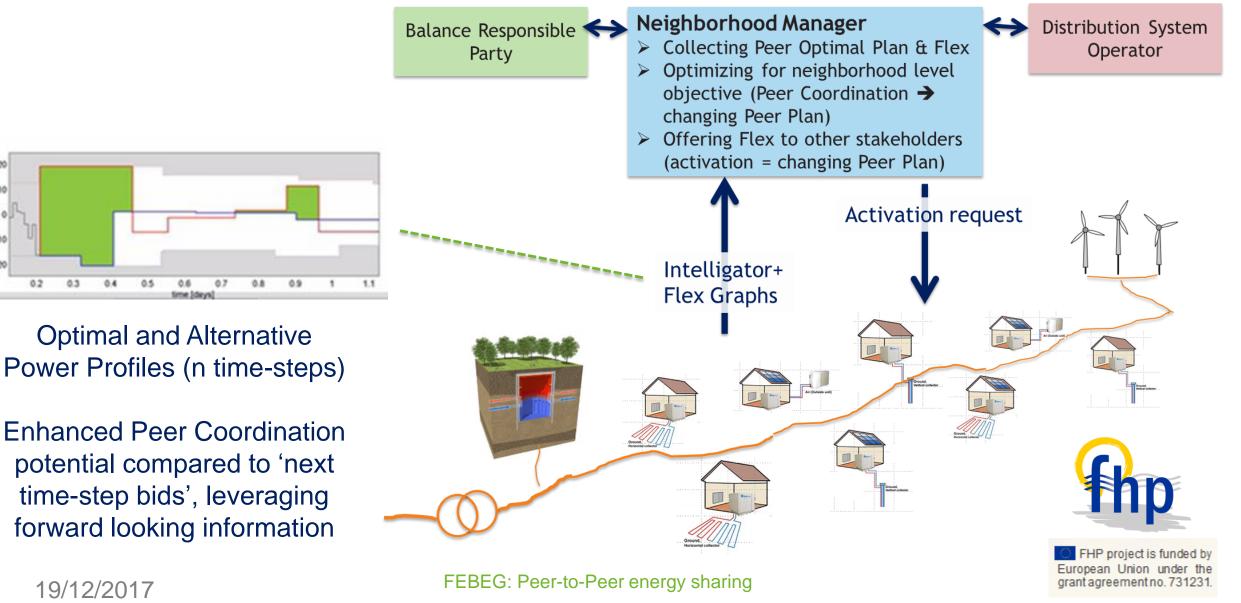
Central administrator/coordinator collects bids from local producers and consumers

- PM Bids are price/energy pairs
- Double Auction market clearing for Demand-Supply Matching





Example pilot : FHP



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0.2

0.3

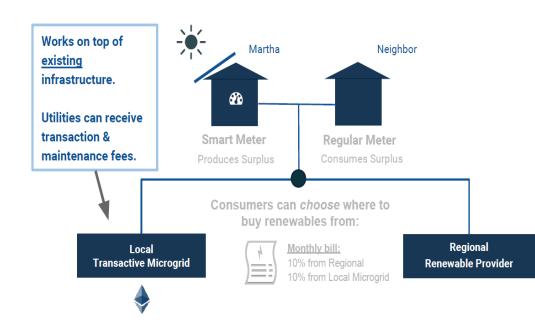
0.4

Example pilot : Brooklyn Microgrid

Solution States and St

* ~50 families: PV Have's and Have Not's

Sell excess solar energy to neighbors





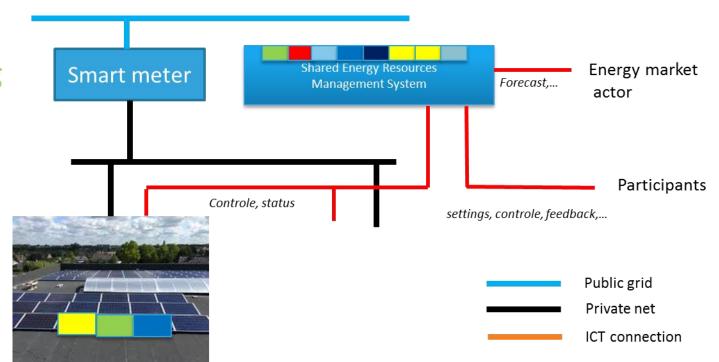
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Example pilot : Antwerp Circular South

District New South in Antwerp (200 apartments) : Nov'2017 – Nov'2020

- Community driven innovation: engage individuals in tackling collective circular challenges (behavioral adaptation by means of nudging)
- * Energy related:
 - PV & Battery asset sharing
 - Battery virtualization
 - Reward system (for 'good' behavior) based on blockchain technology





Example pilot : Buurzame Stroom - Gent

Start Q1'2018

➤Incentify installing more rooftop solar (x2 → 700 MWh)

- * on rented out buildings
- ✤ on neighbour rooftop solar

Active management of consumption to coincide with solar generation

- Avoid grid problems
- Max local consumption of locally generated energy (minimize losses)

Combine economic rentability with solidarity

Commercial Examples : the Netherlands

NPowerPeers

- ↑ Consumers
 - Choose your green source for electricity
 - If still using gas: compensate your CO2
- Prosumers (e.g. PV owners)
 - Extra incentive on top of net metering

REX-Liander

In EnWire: buy/consume from local source



CO₂ compensatie projecten

Samenstroom vaste prijs 1 jaar 🔜





kies je eigen opwekkers waar jij,

the later stroom



Powerpeers biedt volledig CO₂ gecompenseerd gas. Dus als jij je huis verwarmt, kookt, of een douche neemt, zorgen wij dat de CO2 uitstoot gecompenseerd wordt. Wij ondersteunen namelijk diverse projecten wereldwijd die de CO2 uitstoot terugdringen

Voorwaarden en tarieven: Gas + samenstroom variabel 腕 Gas + opwekkersstroom variabel Gas + samenstroom vaste prijs 腕 Gas + opwekkersstroom vaste prijs թ

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***** ENTRNCE: direct trading between large scale producers and consumers

What's next

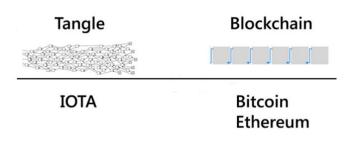
➤Pilots → upscaling & replication → commercial products and services



Publicly accessible test network for blockchain applications: Tobalaba

Distributed Ledger Technology/Blockchains IOTA

- The Tangle, a revolutionary new block-less distributed ledger
 - Using Directed Acyclic Graphs instead of blockchains
 - Zero-fee transactions, fast, infinitely scalable, ...
- Hashgraphs, holochains, ...





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- 🚸 😏 🗗 in @EnergyVille